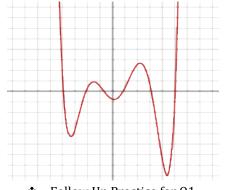
PCFU (C6-C7): Extrema & Zeros

Name _

1) Based on the graph below, determine the following:



- a) Number of relative extrema: 5 Relative extrema are the maximums and minimums or "hills" and "valleys" in the graph. They happen when the graph changes direction. We consider absolute extrema to also be relative extrema.
- **b)** Number of absolute extrema: 1 Since the graph goes to infinity on both ends, there is no absolute maximum. However, there is an absolute minimum in Quadrant IV.
- c) Number of zeros: 6 There are six REAL zeros. That is, the graph crosses the x-axis six times.

 Follow Up Practice for Q1 	
Based on the graph below, determine the following:	
	a) Number of relative extrema:
	b) What is the lowest possible degree of the polynomial?
-4 -2 0 2 4 6	c) Number of real zeros:
	d) Does this function have an odd degree or an even degree?

- 2) What is the greatest number of extrema in a quartic function? 3 There will always be n-1 or fewer extrema where n is the degree of the function. Since a quartic function has degree 4, there will be a maximum of 3 extrema.
- **3)** What is the greatest number of zeros in a quartic function? **4** The degree of a function tells us the maximum number of times the graph can intersect the x-axis.
- Follow Up Practice for Q2 & Q3
 - a) The number of possible zeros for a polynomial of degree 8 is_____.
 - b) The number of possible relative extrema for a polynomial of degree 8 is_____.
 - c) How can you tell if a factor has multiplicity simply by looking at a graph?
 - d) What is the number of absolute extrema for a function with an even degree?
 - e) What is the number of absolute extrema for a function with an odd degree?